IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 11^{TH} JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

FONTAINEBLEAU FLORIDA HOTEL,	
LLC d/b/a FONTAINEBLEAU MIAMI BEACH, a foreign limited liability company,	CASE NO
Plaintiff, v.	
JACOB SHMUEL BOTACH a/k/a "SHMULEY BOTEACH," an individual, and John Does 1-10,	
Defendants.	

COMPLAINT

BURSTYN LAW PLLC

Sean A. Burstyn Florida Bar No. 1028778 1101 Brickell Avenue, Suite S700 Miami, FL 33131

Counsel for Plaintiff The Fontainebleau Miami Beach

INTRODUCTION

- 1. In every context imaginable, reasonable people would call the actions of Defendant Jacob Shmuel Botach a/k/a "Shmuley Boteach" a "shakedown."
- 2. The social media influencer and rabbi has been on a multi-week assault on the Fontainebleau Miami Beach,¹ its personnel, and representatives—creating AI videos purporting to show them celebrating antisemitism, comparing them to Nazi collaborators, falsely accusing them of banning Jews from the property, and fabricating statements that they embraced a policy of Judenrein, *i.e.*, the extermination of six million Jews.
- 3. In addition to these defamatory and harassing statements made by Defendant Boteach, Defendant Boteach has also explicitly threatened the Hotel, and its personnel and representatives, with violence and harm. He has threatened to "uproot" them as "traitors" to their people, vowed to "fight" them "completely," and warned they have "no idea what's in store for them." In a video about the Hotel's outside counsel, he spoke of the "lessons" of a historical figure who "went after" traitorous Jews and killed them
- 4. This is not the Hotel's first such experience with Defendant Boteach. Less than two years ago, Defendant Boteach again recorded a verbal altercation in the lobby of the Hotel, then approached Hotel management seeking compensation to calm the outrage that would follow a social media campaign amplifying the video recording.
- 5. While Defendant Boteach publicly claims that in 2023 he proposed aligning with the Hotel in exchange for a commitment to retrain security (which was already provided by the Hotel), Defendant Boteach omits that he also demanded personal lifetime access to the swimming pool and gym at the Hotel (the same place he says is unsafe). Ultimately, Defendant Boteach accepted a free dinner at the Hotel and moved on.

¹ Plaintiff Fontainebleau Florida Hotel, LLC d/b/a Fontainebleau Miami Beach ("Fontainebleau" or "Hotel").

- 6. Now he's back again, with a promise to "de-escalate" his campaign of harassment in exchange for a \$1 million "donation" to his organization, World Values Network.
- 7. After the Hotel declined to cower to his extortion, Defendant Boteach intensified his calls for the public to boycott the Hotel on the basis of his categorically false statements that the Hotel obstructed a police investigation into heinous statements hurled at him by a third party unaffiliated with the Hotel on December 2, 2024.² Defendant Boteach's targeted harassment of innocent Hotel personnel is a harmful and misdirected response to the serious scourge of antisemitism, which the Hotel *again* condemns in no uncertain terms.
- 8. Defendant Boteach's conduct is malicious, illegal, intentional, and wildly out of control. In fact, he went through three law firms in the first 10 days since the Incident—a law firm attrition rate of approximately one firm every three days.
- 9. Defendant Boteach has posted information about the Hotel's financial transactions in connection with a demand that the Hotel pay him \$100 million, which is outrageous on its face and designed to interfere with the Hotel's business relationships. Defendant Boteach's continued false statements that the Hotel affirmatively supports antisemitism are defamatory, unrelenting, and have forced the Hotel to commence litigation to end Defendant Boteach's extortion and remedy the damages caused by his misconduct.
- 10. Following the Incident and the Hotel's decision not to agree to his demand for \$100 million, Defendant Boteach made multiple false and damaging statements about the Hotel, including by way of example:
 - a. Defendant Boteach deliberately distorted a statement of the Hotel, deleting a portion that made clear it declined entry to persons threatening litigation against the Hotel, so

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² The attack is described herein as the "Incident," the same word Defendant Boteach used to describe it.

- as to create the false appearance that he was told that the Hotel enacted a policy to ban Jews.
- b. Defendant Boteach falsely stated that the Hotel "denie[d]" he was subject to antisemitism and that he could not go to the Hotel because he is "too Jewish."
- c. Defendant Boteach falsely claimed that the Hotel stated that he was "equally responsible" for the attack upon him.
- d. Defendant Boteach posted a video falsely accusing the Hotel of unqualifiedly refusing to cooperate with law enforcement in its investigation and omitting material information that he knew.
- e. Defendant Boteach published several AI-generated videos of persons affiliated with the Hotel in which he purports to quote them apologizing (*i.e.*, admitting misconduct) and denying the wrongfulness of antisemitism.
- f. Defendant Boteach published a false statement that Hotel leadership hugged a "radical Islamist thug," furthering his false claims that the Hotel supports antisemitism and stating his counsel was preparing "the most devastating lawsuit from which I hope the rancid hotel will never recover."
- g. Defendant Boteach posted "ANY JEW STILL STAYING AT THE [HOTEL] . . .

 OBVIOUSLY HAS A DEATH WISH. THIS WILL HAPPEN TO YOU AND

 THERE WILL BE NOONE [sic] TO SAVE YOU.

 #BOYCOTTFONTAINBLEAUNOW!!" (Emphasis added.)
- 11. While Defendant Boteach lionized himself as a hero to hundreds of thousands of social media followers, what he did not share with his followers is that he was simultaneously trying to negotiate for money from the Hotel—money he would only accept if it went to a "charity" controlled by him.
 - 12. At all hours of the day and night, Defendant Boteach proceeded to harass the Hotel and its

representatives. For example, he posted a "headshot" photograph of the head of the Hotel's outside counsel with the words "DIGITALLY DECAPITATED" and later, at 3:49 am, menacingly threatened that counsel was "about to have a really interesting Shabbat" when he arrived at his synagogue, which Defendant Boteach identified by name and location. Defendant Boteach directly contacted counsel's clergy and posted harassing images of them.

- 13. Defendant Boteach's conduct is malicious and illegal. He has engaged in extortion against the Hotel. Indeed, he has replaced his civil litigation team and is now personally represented by criminal defense counsel. It is unclear if Defendant Boteach's actions in selecting his current counsel are motivated by the fact that the Hotel has not only been working closely with the Miami Beach Police Department and local prosecutors since the night of the Incident, but also working closely with federal authorities in investigating the Incident and the conduct surrounding the Incident.
- 14. The Hotel will seek to recover all of the damages Defendant Boteach has caused. These unwarranted attacks against a Florida hospitality institution have been unrelenting and have forced litigation. Since 1954, guests of all backgrounds have traveled the world to enjoy the iconic Fontainebleau Hotel in Miami Beach. Defendant Boteach's false statements about the Hotel cannot be tolerated.
- 15. Plaintiff will seek an order requiring Defendant Boteach to pay all of the damages that he has caused the Fontainebleau, including uncapped punitive damages upon entry of an order granting leave for same because his conduct is financially motivated, and a restraining order against Defendant Boteach from continuing his unlawful conduct, including his scurrilous campaign of defamation, threats, and attempted character assassination.
- 16. A composite of just some of the dozens of defamatory statements made by Defendant Boteach appears at Composite Exhibit A.

PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 17. Plaintiff is a foreign limited liability company with a principal place of business at 4441 Collins Avenue, Miami Beach, Florida 33140.
 - 18. Defendant Boteach is an individual above the age of 18 who resides in Miami Beach, Florida.
- 19. Pursuant to Fla. Stat. § 47.051, venue is proper in this Court because the causes of action accrued against each Defendant in Miami-Dade County.
 - 20. The amount in controversy exceeds the jurisdictional limit of this Court.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 21. Defendant Boteach champions himself as a fighter of antisemitism and utilizes his social media accounts in a quixotic manner wherein he is always the hero fighting not just antisemites, but also anyone whom he falsely claims to be antisemitic, such as Plaintiff and its representatives.
- 22. However, unlike the character Don Quixote who delusionally tilted at windmills, Defendant Boteach is calculated, and *every single demand he has made upon Plaintiff has included a demand for money to compensate him for harm that Plaintiff did not cause*. Defendant Boteach is out to pad his bank account no matter if it means spewing falsehoods to burn well-earned good reputations. Defendant Boteach has a long history of similar behavior as evidenced by his own social media and public news coverage of him.
- 23. Defendant Boteach's actions in this matter began on the evening of December 1, 2024, while he was loitering in the lobby of the Fontainebleau Miami Beach. After more than an hour of loitering in the Hotel lobby, Defendant Boteach engaged in an uneventful conversation with a registered guest of the Hotel and the two parted ways. More than an hour later (after midnight on Sunday, December 2, 2024), Defendant Boteach was in a verbal altercation with the same registered guest wherein the guest and Defendant Boteach exchanged hateful words at each other. The guest used language that was heinous and accused Defendant Boteach of being a "baby killer" and other words that are easily

interpreted as antisemitic. Defendant Boteach, in turn, hurled anti-Islamic words at the registered guest and repeatedly shouted, "Allahu Akbar? Are you going to blow yourself up or something? ... he uses the expressions of, like, suicide bombers."

- 24. Within hours, Defendant Boteach posted an edited video of the exchange on Instagram and began his campaign of threats against the Hotel, its ownership, its outside lawyer, and its employees—who had *nothing* to do with the altercation except that Hotel security de-escalated and ended it.
- 25. Upon information and belief, during the first conversation between the guest and Defendant Boteach prior to the Incident, they exchanged their views on events in the Middle East since the October 7, 2023 terrorist attack on Israel and the ongoing conflict. Upon further information and belief, Defendant Boteach and the guest never agreed, but the conversation remained civil and the two parted ways.
- 26. Upon additional information and belief, the Incident began when the guest glanced at Defendant Boteach's computer as he was passing by and realized that Defendant Boteach was checking the comments and ratings on his social media postings. Upon information and belief, the guest then confronted Defendant Boteach and accused Defendant Boteach of having false intentions and acting solely out of an intention to drive views and hits to his social media accounts by posting about feigned outrage and false interactions.
- 27. It appears that Defendant Boteach did not appreciate having his integrity questioned by the guest and the Incident commenced.
- 28. During the Incident, Hotel security standing nearby noticed the two men and intervened, separating the two using de-escalation techniques commonly employed by well-trained law enforcement and security professionals. These techniques resulted in the separation of Defendant Boteach and the guest by security and prevented escalation of the Incident. During their efforts to deescalate the Incident, one of the security officers made a de-escalation gesture in response to which

the guest took the security officer's hand and initiated an embrace that was not reciprocated by the security officer. The security officer's physical intervention was a technique that was intended to (and in fact did) shield Defendant Boteach from any danger, should such danger arise. In Defendant Boteach's edited video, Defendant Boteach can be heard shouting that the security team is condoning antisemitism and supporting attacks on people of the Jewish faith.

- 29. Notably, in Defendant Boteach's edited video, the Incident appears to be a loud event that disrupted the entire lobby. In fact, during the Incident, almost no one in the Hotel lobby even turned their heads with the exception of the Hotel security team, which was standing nearby and intervened.
- 30. Since the Incident, Defendant Boteach has called on people who only had his distorted narratives to demand the immediate dismissal of the very same employees that de-escalated the Incident and he claims that the Hotel's decision not to act as Defendant Boteach demands is "proof" of antisemitism at the Hotel.
- 31. As noted herein, Defendant Boteach has gone so far as to carefully choose words threatening harm and inciting hatred and violence against the employees and owner of the Hotel and its outside legal counsel.

A. The Incident

- 32. Shortly after 12:00 am on Monday, December 2, 2024, a guest at the Hotel encountered Defendant Boteach in the lobby and an edited cellphone video that begins after their encounter commenced shows the guest shouting obscenities at Defendant Boteach.
- 33. Within approximately two minutes, Hotel security interceded, de-escalated, and separated the guest and Defendant Boteach. The Hotel thereafter barred the guest from the premises.
 - 34. The Incident was deplorable and has been repeatedly condemned by the Hotel as antisemitic.³

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³ In a December 6, 2024 letter to Defendant Boteach's counsel, the Fontainebleau stated:

It was also an isolated event that could happen anywhere.

35. Additionally, the Incident ended when the Hotel's professional security staff responded within mere minutes, stood between the two individuals, and de-escalated. Upon his arrival, the security guard—who did not hear the words uttered in the cellphone recording before his arrival—initiated his interaction by de-escalating and saying "I want to help you guys" to both Defendant Boteach and the guest, and physically distanced the guest from Defendant Boteach by fully extending his arm to the guest's shoulder. Once the two men were distanced, the security guard lowered his hand from the guest's shoulder at which point the guest shook the guard's hand as the guard offered assistance to Defendant Boteach. With one hand in his pocket and the other shaken by the guest, the claim that the security guard was "hugging" the guest is false.

36. Defendant Boteach has since responded with relentless vitriol, malice, and harassment against the Hotel and its representatives.

37. Hotel security did not endorse *any* viewpoint in the Incident. Indeed, the majority of the statements Defendant Boteach complains of were made *before Hotel security even arrived*.

There can be no serious doubt that *the Fontainebleau unequivocally condemns antisemitism*. Fontainebleau Miami Beach has a rich history of its support of all people of the world, especially the Jewish community.

Shortly after the Incident, the Fontainebleau issued the following public statement:

A verbal altercation occurred over the weekend between two individuals in the lobby of our hotel. During this isolated incident, one of the individuals used abhorrent language, which we find horrific and will not be tolerated on our property.

Our security team prioritized de-escalating the incident to prevent any physical altercation, and once the individuals left on their own accords, we proactively engaged with the Miami Beach Police Department.

We sincerely apologize to those impacted by this individual's words, which in no way represent our company's views.

38. Ultimately, Hotel security achieved its goal of de-escalation, separation, avoiding conflict, and maintaining the safety of all Hotel guests.

B. The Response Following the Incident: Defendant Boteach Falsely States that the Hotel is Racist and Obstructing Law Enforcement

- 39. Defendant Boteach's gross mischaracterization of the Hotel security guard's successful deescalation unfairly *and falsely* scapegoats an entirely innocent security guard as supportive of the detestable conduct during the Incident.
- 40. If Defendant Boteach believes, as he says he does, that he truly was 'nearly annihilated' during the verbal altercation that he chose not to withdraw from, it was no one other than the guard who saved him.
- 41. In a video posted several days later, Defendant Boteach asks a person who was not present at the Incident to agree that, had he been present during the Incident, he would have physically intimidated and threatened the guest.
 - 42. The person disagreed and expressly stated that he would de-escalate the situation.
- 43. Defendant Boteach, deflated by that response, prodded. The person maintained that he would de-escalate and did not budge in the face of Defendant Boteach's incitement.
 - 44. Defendant Boteach pivoted to calling the Fontainebleau and its representatives racists.
- 45. In the aftermath of Hotel security ensuring Defendant Boteach's safety, he openly admits that he is on an intentional campaign to cause harm to the Hotel—a campaign to "Raise Hell and Bankrupt" the Hotel. To that end, he has falsely accused Plaintiff of engaging in "bigotry, racism, and antisemitism" and threatened to specifically target high-traffic Jewish events at the Hotel with his falsehoods.
- 46. As stated above, Defendant Boteach has subject the Hotel to an incessant bombardment of hateful, false accusations at all hours of the day and night. He falsely accused the Hotel of affirmatively denying antisemitism, actually supporting antisemitism, acting in a manner consistent

with Nazi collaborators and embracing Jewish genocide, and obstructing a law enforcement investigation.

- 47. These false statements taken on their own, and together, expressly and falsely communicate to the public that the Hotel is a dangerous place because it supports discrimination, and that its security supports racists.
- 48. Defendant Boteach knew the falsity of his statements because, in fact, it was Hotel security that intervened, de-escalated, and successfully ended the Incident. Defendant Boteach's true purpose in the loud and crowded lobby of the Hotel on Saturday night and after midnight remains unclear—Defendant Boteach claims Jews are unsafe at the Hotel, yet at the same time frequents it regularly and complains that he's not allowed back in.
- 49. Defendant Boteach's statements are false and harmfully create the misimpression that the premises are unsafe.

C. Defendant Openly Declares Malice, Causation, and Damages

- 50. Defendant Boteach admits he has caused the Hotel damage by falsely accusing the Hotel of endorsing antisemitism.
- 51. For example, on December 9, 2024, he cheered that the Hotel was "UTTERLY DESTROYED BY THOUSANDS" and urged his hundreds of thousands of followers to "KEEP ON POSTING." By "posting" he was referring to negative comments on the Hotel's social media pages that he amplified.
- 52. Also on December 9, 2024, Defendant Boteach published the following statement on X with the commentary that "hundreds cancel their reservations":



- 53. Defendant Boteach's false statements have foreseeably subjected Plaintiff to hatred, distrust, ridicule, contempt, and disgrace.
- 54. Defendant Boteach's false statement that Plaintiff denied him access to the premises on the basis of his religion had an obvious effect—many individuals now believe his lie that Plaintiff denies access to patrons on the basis of their religion and condones antisemitism on its premises.
- 55. Defendant Boteach caused that misperception through his false and misleading social media posts, and then amplified it through X's repost feature.
- 56. Moreover, while he was "negotiating" for a "donation," he tried upping the pressure by organizing a "GIANT RALLY" outside the Hotel, purportedly against antisemitism. Defendant Boteach has repeatedly postponed that "rally" as he has solicited payments from the Hotel behind the scenes of his otherwise public attacks on the Hotel. Upon information and belief, Defendant Boteach is using the rally as a threat for his extortionate scheme, delaying it and keeping it lingering over the Hotel.
- 57. Upon information and belief, Defendant Boteach has used the Incident and others to raise funds for organizations that he controls. He is further actively seeking donations from individuals to

attend his rally even though it will be on public property.

- 58. Upon information and belief, some of the earnings of purportedly charitable 501(c)(3) organizations that he controls inure to his personal benefit.
- 59. For example, of all the many charitable organizations that exist in the world, Defendant Boteach insisted that he would only settle if the Fontainebleau paid \$1 million to *his* "charitable" organization without any transparent explanation as to the use of those funds, except vague references to supporting the IDF notwithstanding the existence of countless capable charities for such causes that are not controlled by him.
- 60. Upon information and belief, Defendant Boteach has attempted to extort his own family with threats of criminal complaints to leverage concessions from them and has exhibited a pattern of threats to third parties designed to enrich himself and live a lavish lifestyle.
- 61. Upon information and belief, Defendant Boteach has previously lied about being sued in connection with efforts to raise money. Now, he vows to "file a lawsuit in a Florida court," merely upping the ante with his threats against a business that did nothing wrong.
- 62. Defendant Boteach's campaign to defame the Hotel is intentionally false, or made at least with reckless disregard for the truth, and motivated by unreasonable financial gain. Moreover, he engaged in this conduct with specific intent to harm Plaintiff and did in fact harm Plaintiff. Thus, Plaintiff will pursue through trial and appeal an award of uncapped punitive damages against Defendant Boteach.
 - 63. All allegations herein with respect to third parties are made upon information and belief.

COUNT I <u>DEFAMATION</u> (Against Defendant Boteach)

- 64. Plaintiff repeats and realleges every allegation preceding Count I as if fully set forth herein.
- 65. Defendant Boteach published, or caused to be published, defamatory statements with reckless disregard for their falsity, resulting in actual harm to Plaintiff.

- 66. Since at least December 2, 2024, Defendant Boteach has knowingly published false statements concerning Plaintiff and its representatives, attributing the statements of the latter to the former.
- 67. The defamatory statements were published on Instagram, Facebook, and X, and in fact reached and were accessed by thousands of members of the public. For example, the defamatory publications were "liked," shared, and commented on hundreds or thousands of times by the public. Upon information and belief, the statements were also published by Defendant Boteach in text message group chats.
- 68. As set forth in greater detail above, examples of Defendant Boteach's false statements about Plaintiff include, but are not limited to, stating that he was denied entry to the Hotel because the Hotel determined he was "too Jewish," stating that the Hotel is itself antisemitic and supports antisemitism, stating that the Hotel is desirous of antisemites (a claim Defendant Boteach maintains even after the Fontainebleau publicly declared it would not tolerate the behavior exhibited during the Incident), and stating that the Hotel refused to cooperate with a law enforcement investigation into the Incident.
- 69. Defendant Boteach knew that the statements were false or at least recklessly disregarded their falsity.
- 70. Defendant Boteach knew that he was disseminating false statements because, in all or at least several instances, *he made them up completely*. For example, Defendant Boteach edited a letter that stated he was trespassed because of his threats of litigation by misleadingly deleting from that letter the basis of the trespass (*i.e.*, his threats of litigation) and then he claimed the Hotel trespassed him because he is Jewish.
- 71. The public did not know the truth (and that Defendant Boteach was lying) about the reason he was trespassed because Defendant Boteach deleted the truth, replaced it with a lie, and then published his lie as though it was the truth. Defendant Boteach's campaign of misinformation is inexcusable and harmful.

- 72. Defendant Boteach knew the statements were false, or at a minimum, was negligent in publishing the statements, because he continued to publish them even after he was notified that Plaintiff had in fact cooperated with law enforcement.
 - 73. Plaintiff never "refused" to cooperate with law enforcement, as Defendant falsely claimed.
- 74. Defendant Boteach knew that the false statements were harmful. Indeed, he used his false statements to support his calls for a boycott of Plaintiff and published statements that guests had canceled plans and numerous reservations with the Hotel.
- 75. Defendant Boteach's compulsive defamatory statements and demands for third parties to "repudiate" Plaintiff's personnel demonstrate that his behavior was animated by actual malice.
- 76. These statements naturally and proximately resulted in injury to Plaintiff. For example, Defendant Boteach's false statements have in fact harmed Plaintiff's sales, reputation, customer relationships, and business goodwill.
- 77. Defendant Boteach's false statements were culpably published by him and third parties, and they have damaged Plaintiff.
- 78. Several individuals on social media sites including Instagram, X, and Facebook have written that their perception of Plaintiff has been negatively influenced Defendant Boteach's false statements about Plaintiff's response to the Incident.
- 79. Wherefore, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant Boteach, an award of damages in an amount to be determined at trial, injunctive relief, and such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

COUNT II <u>AIDING AND ABETTING DEFAMATION</u> (Against Defendant John Doe 1-10)

- 80. Plaintiff repeats and realleges every allegation preceding Count I as if fully set forth herein.
- 81. The allegations with respect to the John Doe Defendants are made upon information and belief

as their identities will be determined through the course of discovery.

- 82. Defendant Boteach is the primary wrongdoer who committed the tort of defamation as set forth in Count I, *supra*.
- 83. The John Doe Defendants, who discovery will reveal to be family members, staff, or others, rendered substantial assistance to Defendant Boteach's commission of the tort of defamation against Plaintiff.
- 84. The John Doe Defendants knew that Defendant Boteach was publishing the defamatory statements about Plaintiff and rendered substantial assistance in defaming Plaintiff by manufacturing graphics containing statements that falsely attributed harmful statements to individuals purporting, in those graphics, to articulate the views of Plaintiff and its representatives. The John Doe Defendants also recorded, edited, and published the defamatory statements with reckless disregard for their falsity.
- 85. Wherefore, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants John Doe 1-10, an award of damages in an amount to be determined at trial, injunctive relief, and such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

COUNT III TORTIOUS INTERFERENCE WITH BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS (Against Defendant Boteach)

- 86. Plaintiff repeats and realleges every allegation preceding Count I as if fully set forth herein.
- 87. The Hotel has various business relationships pursuant to which it has legal rights, including with respect to hotel guests.
- 88. Defendant Boteach knew Plaintiff has business relationships with guests who patronize the Hotel's services. Indeed, Defendant Boteach specifically urged guests to terminate their contractual relationships with Plaintiff.
 - 89. Throughout his intentional interference with these relationships, Defendant Boteach never

publicly communicated that he was seeking a personal donation to his "charity." His interference with these relationships was unjustified because it was driven by a personal profit-interest and based on falsehoods.

- 90. Defendant Boteach intentionally interfered with Plaintiff's business relationships with its guests by, *inter alia*, publishing numerous defamatory statements accusing the Hotel of engaging in and/or supporting antisemitism. Defendant Boteach's actions were intentionally designed to cause and result in harm to those business relationships. Defendant Boteach urged customers of the Hotel⁴ to stop doing business with the Hotel and, specifically, to "cancel" any reservations at the Hotel. Defendant's own words leave no room for doubt that he deliberately and tortiously interfered with business relationships.
- 91. Defendant Boteach's interference was unjustified because, *inter alia*, Defendant Boteach published defamatory statements that were false and designed to conjure outrage, disgust, and vitriol against the Hotel in furtherance of Defendant Boteach's scheme to coerce the Hotel into paying Defendant Boteach money.
- 92. As a direct and proximate cause of Defendant Boteach's misconduct, the Hotel has suffered damages with respect to its business relationships.
- 93. Indeed, Defendant Boteach published statements gleefully reporting about hundreds of cancellations by guests at the Hotel.
 - 94. Wherefore, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant Boteach, an award of damages in

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⁴ Upon information and belief, Plaintiff is not the only person or business Defendant Boteach has harassed or against whom he has incited hate and violence. He has posted many videos on social media showing him physically pursuing people while claiming they are putting him in fear for his life. Upon information and belief, while loitering alone in the Hotel lobby after midnight on a Sunday night, he sought to call attention to himself and escalate the Incident. Defendant Boteach's own social media accounts provide clear evidence that he uses escalation tactics in public places where he believes large numbers of Jewish people visit, including, but not limited to, the Hotel on a previous occasion when he chased purported assailants through the halls of the Hotel while filming them.

an amount to be determined at trial, injunctive relief, and such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

COUNT IV AIDING AND ABETTING TORTIOUS INTERFERENCE WITH BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS (Against Defendant John Doe 1-10)

- 95. Plaintiff repeats and realleges every allegation preceding Count I as if fully set forth herein.
- 96. The allegations with respect to the John Doe Defendants are made upon information and belief as their identities will be determined through the course of discovery.
- 97. Defendant Boteach is the primary wrongdoer who tortiously interfered with Plaintiff's business relationships as set forth in Count III, *supra*.
- 98. The John Doe Defendants, who discovery will reveal to be family members, staff, or others, rendered substantial assistance to Defendant Boteach's misconduct as alleged in Count IV.
- 99. The John Doe Defendants knew that Defendant Boteach was tortiously interfering with Plaintiff's business relationships, specifically threatening it with financial ruin through cancellations and organizing boycotts based on falsehoods, manufacturing graphics containing statements that falsely attributed harmful statements to individuals purporting, in those graphics, to articulate the views of Plaintiff and its representatives and target them towards guests with contracts with Plaintiff.
- 100. Wherefore, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants John Doe 1-10, an award of damages in an amount to be determined at trial, injunctive relief, and such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury for those issues that are so triable against the Defendants pursuant to Florida law.

Dated: December 19, 2024 Miami, Florida

Respectfully submitted,

BURSTYN LAW PLLC

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Counsel for Plaintiff The Fontainebleau Miami Beach

EXHIBIT A



Ø ...

Grant the @fontainebleaumiamibeach its wish of having the hotel JUDENREIN, free of Jews who defend themselves. Make attorney @seanburstyn happy and, if you're a Jew who doesn't want to be attacked for wearing a yarmulke or Magen David , cancel your reservation now before this attorney can humiliate you and expel you. Remember: they don't expel the would-be terrorists. Only the attacked Jews who dare resist. With Yeshiva week coming up on Jan 15th and tens of thousands of orthodox Jews coming down to Miami Beach, with scores staying in @fontainebleaumiamibeach, watch the video of what transpired with me, and this disgusting letter sent to me by @seanburstyn, and decide if you want to experience the Gehinnom-Hell I was just put through by the hotel for being a Jew. #Neveragain.life





Sean Burstyn (@seanburstyn) / X

Visit >



"The Fontainebleau
declines entry and service...
please advise your client to
refrain from entering onto
Fontainebleau property
under any circumstances."
Sincerely, @seanburstyn





